- 33 -

Claims

1. A method for producing a particulate carbon product in a reactor vessel wherein gas flow between a gas inlet port and a gas outlet port suspends a bed of catalyst-containing particulate material in said vessel and said particulate carbon product is discharged from said vessel by falling from the bed.

- 2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the particulate carbon product is prevented from passing through the gas outlet port by means of a gas permeable barrier.
- 3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the gas flow between the gas inlet port and gas outlet port is such that the bed is a fluidised bed.
- 4. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the gas flow between the gas inlet port and gas outlet port is such that the bed is a fixed bed.
- 5. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein catalyst is introduced into the reactor vessel via the gas inlet port.
- 6. A method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the inlet gas comprises a carbonaceous gas and the catalyst is entrained therein.
- 7. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the catalyst is a transition metal.
- 8. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein catalyst is introduced into the reactor vessel beneath the bed.

- 34 -

9. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the catalyst is introduced into the reactor vessel proximate the bed.

- 10. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the temperature in the bed is between 400 and 900 deg. C.
- 11. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 9 wherein the temperature in the bed is between 550 and 900 deg. C.
- 12. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the pressure within the bed is between 2 and 25 bar.
- 13. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 11 wherein the pressure within the bed is between 5 and 20 bar.
- 14. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 11 wherein the pressure within the bed is between 5 and 15 bar.
- 15. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein inlet gas is introduced into the reactor vessel at an elevated temperature.
- 16. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein inlet gas is introduced into the reactor vessel via a plurality of gas inlet ports.
- 17. A method as claimed in claim 16 wherein inlet gas is introduced into the reactor vessel at different temperatures.
- 18. A method as claimed in any preceding claim wherein carbon particulate product is discharged through a

- 35 -

product outlet port disposed beneath the bed.

- 19. A reactor comprising a vessel having a gas inlet port, a gas outlet port and a particulate product outlet port, said gas inlet port being arranged such that in use gas flow therefrom suspends a bed of catalyst containing particulate material in said vessel and particulate product is discharged from the reactor by falling from the bed.
- 20. A reactor arranged to produce carbon nano-fibres comprising a vessel having a gas inlet port, a gas outlet port and a particulate carbon product outlet port, said gas inlet port being arranged such that in use gas flow therefrom suspends a bed of catalyst-containing particulate material in said vessel and particulate carbon product is discharged from said vessel by falling from the bed.
- 21. A reactor comprising a vessel having a lower section having a gas inlet port and defining a particulate product outlet port, an upper section having a gas outlet port and defining a reaction bed and a middle section connecting said upper and said lower sections wherein in use gas flow from said lower section through said middle section to said upper section suspends a bed of catalyst-containing particulate material in said bed and particulate product is discharged from the vessel by falling from said bed.
- 22. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 19 to 21, further comprising a gas permeable barrier arranged between the gas outlet port and the bed such that in use particulate product is prevented from passing through the gas outlet port.
- 23. A reactor as claimed in claim 22, wherein the gas

permeable barrier defines the top of the reactor vessel.

- 24. A reactor as claimed in claims 22 or 23, wherein the gas permeable barrier is a porous ceramic filter.
- 25. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 19 to 24, further comprising heating means arranged to heat the bed.
- 26. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 19 to 25, wherein the reactor vessel is provided with a plurality of gas inlet ports.
- 27. A reactor as claimed in claim 26, wherein the gas inlet ports are arranged such that in use gas flow therethrough agitates the bed.
- 28. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 19 to 27 further comprising a catalyst inlet port.
- 29. A reactor as claimed in claim 28 wherein the catalyst inlet port is arranged such that in use catalyst is introduced proximate the bed.
- 30. A reactor as claimed in claim 21, wherein the middle section has a smaller cross-sectional area than the upper and lower sections.
- 31. A reactor comprising a vessel having a gas inlet port a gas outlet port and containing a plurality of reaction surfaces wherein in use a product is synthesised on each of said reaction surfaces and is discharged from the vessel by falling from the reaction surfaces.
- 32. A reactor as claimed in claim 31, wherein the reaction surfaces are substantially horizontal surfaces.

- 33. A reactor as claimed in claim 32, wherein the reaction surfaces increase in area towards the bottom of the reactor.
- 34. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 31 to 33, further comprising a plurality of gas inlet ports.
- 35. A reactor as claimed in claim in claim 34, wherein the gas inlet ports are arranged to supply inlet gas to each of the reaction surfaces.
- 36. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 31 to 35, further comprising a product outlet port arranged beneath the reaction surfaces.
- 37. A reactor comprising a vessel having a plurality of gas inlet ports, a gas outlet port and a particulate product outlet port, wherein in use a reaction bed is formed in said vessel containing a bed of catalyst-containing particulate material and said gas inlet ports are disposed so as to introduce inlet gas directly into the reaction bed.
- 38. A reactor as claimed in claim 37, wherein the gas inlet ports are arranged at an angle to the vessel such that in use inlet gas acts to agitate the bed.
- 39. A reactor as claimed in claim 37 or 38, wherein the vessel is disposed in a horizontal orientation.
- 40. A reactor as claimed in claim 39, wherein a plurality of product outlet ports are disposed along the length of the vessel.
- 41. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 37 to 40, further comprising vessel rotation means such that the

- 38 -

vessel can be rotated in use to agitate the bed.

- 42. A reactor as claimed in claim 41 further comprising stirring means connected to the internal surface of the vessel.
- 43. A reactor as claimed in any of claims 19 to 42, wherein the reactor vessel is internally lined with a ceramic material.